CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>30 June 2021</u>

Directors' Report

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the condensed consolidated interim financial statements of SHARJAH ISLAMIC BANK PJSC ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together referred as the "Group") for the six month period ended 30 June 2021.

Financial highlights

The Group has reported a profit of AED 289.5 million for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 compared to AED 251.2 million for the corresponding prior period, an increase of 15.2%.

Compared to 31 December 2020, total assets increased by AED 750 million to reach AED 54.4 billion, an increase of 1.4%. Investments in Islamic financing remained at the same level of AED 29.3 billion; however, customer deposits experienced a growth of 4.1% (AED 1.4 billion) to reach AED 35 billion. Shareholders' equity remained at the same level of 31 December 2020 amounting AED 7.6 billion as at 30 June 2021.

Abdul Rahman Mohammed Nasser Al Owais Chairman 15 July 2021

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 June 2021

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E Dirhams)

	Notes	30 June 2021 Un-audited	31 December 2020 Audited
Assets			
Cash and balances with banks and financial institutions	6	2,559,835	3,391,498
Murabaha and wakalah with financial institutions	7	10,390,167	7,831,780
Investment securities	8	6,659,030	7,747,406
Investment in Islamic financing	9	29,291,904	29,268,559
Investment properties		2,965,963	2,886,044
Properties held-for-sale		693,094	653,083
Other assets		864,522	897,361
Property and equipment	10	926,658	925,022
Total assets	_	54,351,173	53,600,753
Liabilities Customer deposits Due to banks Sukuk payable Other liabilities Zakat payable Total liabilities	11 12 13 	34,992,220 5,303,596 5,502,724 917,709 19,757 46,736,006	33,608,308 5,973,063 5,500,746 806,856 66,422 45,955,395
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	14	3,081,598	3,081,598
Tier 1 sukuk		1,836,500	1,836,500
Legal reserve		1,508,508	1,508,508
Statutory reserve		89,008	89,008
General impairment reserve		115,183	112,371
Fair value reserve		16,572	44,380
Retained earnings	-	967,798	972,993
Total shareholders' equity	-	7,615,167	7,645,358
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	_	54,351,173	53,600,753

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 15 July 2021.

Abdul Rahman Mohammed Nasser Al Owais Chairman Mohammed Ahmed Abdullah Chief Executive Officer

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

	Three month period ended 30 June		Six month period ended 30 June		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Un- audited	Un- audited	Un- audited	Un- audited	
Income from investment in Islamic financing and sukuks	417,237	430,242	835,957	854,119	
Distribution to depositors and sukuk holders	(142,375)	(191,427)	(297,939)	(391,552)	
Net income from financing and investment products	274,862	238,815	538,018	462,567	
Investment, fees, commission and other income	68,586	60,295	149,039	138,723	
Total operating income	343,448	299,110	687,057	601,290	
General and administration expenses	(138,364)	(134,014)	(269,772)	(268,990)	
Net operating income before impairment provision	205,084	165,096	417,285	332,300	
Impairment on financial assets - net of recoveries	(79,771)	(67,554)	(127,795)	(81,098)	
Profit for the period (Attributable to the shareholders of the Bank)	125,313	97,542	289,490	251,202	
Basic and diluted earnings per share (U.A.E. Dirhams)	0.04	0.03	0.09	0.08	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

	Three month period ended 30 June		Six month period ender 30 June	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
-	Un- audited	Un- audited	Un- audited	Un- audited
Profit for the period	125,313	97,542	289,490	251,202
Other comprehensive income				
<i>Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss</i> Net change in fair value reserve on sukuk investments classified at FVTOCI	8,998	36,282	(3,895)	(14,864)
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i> Net change in fair value reserve on equity investments classified at FVTOCI	(11,381)	(14,320)	(17,935)	(32,011)
Total comprehensive income for the period (Attributable to the shareholders of the Bank)	122,930	119,504	267,660	204,327

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

	ended 30 June 2021	ended 30 June 2020
	Un-audited	Un-audited
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the period	289,490	251,202
Adjustments for:	207,470	251,202
- Depreciation	22,762	24,870
- Amortisation of sukuk issuance costs	1,978	1,457
- Provision charge on investment in Islamic financing	1,978	81,098
- Provision charge on investment in Islanic Inflancing	23,331	61,096
- Provision charge on other assets	25,551 387	_
- Gain on sale of properties held for sale		(3,786)
- Gain on sale of investment properties	(1,560)	(3,780)
	(2,325)	-
- Gain on sale of properties and equipment	581	
Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	438,721	354,431
Changes in: - Reserve with UAE Central Bank	571.007	(75.10)
	571,997	675,169
- Murabaha and wakalah with financial institutions	(54,823)	1,336,658
- Investments in Islamic financing	(127,422)	(4,015,822)
- Other assets	32,452	7,521
- Customer deposits	1,383,912	4,924,957
- Due to banks	(668,306)	3,004,753
- Zakat payable	(46,665)	(60,159)
- Other liabilities	105,443	(28,068)
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,635,309	6,199,850
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of properties and equipment	(24,398)	(41,944)
Disposal of properties and equipment	(581)	-
Acquisition of investment properties	(36,702)	(74,213)
Disposal of investment properties	28,523	-
Acquisition of properties held-for-sale	(139,417)	(30,598)
Disposal of properties held-for-sale	31,551	18,147
Acquisition of investment securities	(62,626)	(2,579,884)
Disposal / redemption of investment securities	1,105,841	716,063
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	902,191	(1,992,429)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of sukuk	-	(1,836,500)
Issuance of sukuk	-	1,833,797
Profit paid on tier 1 sukuk	(45,913)	(45,912)
Cash dividend	(246,528)	(146,742)
Net cash used in from financing activities	(292,441)	(195,357)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,245,059	4,012,064
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	6,426,493	4,781,727
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (<i>Note 21</i>)	8,671,552	8,793,791

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

		ATT	RIBUTABLE	TO THE SE	HAREHOLDER	RS OF THE	BANK	
	Share capital	Tier 1 sukuk	Legal reserve	Statutory reserve	General impairment reserve	Fair value reserve	Retained earnings	Total shareholder s' equity
As at 1 January 2020 (Audited) Total comprehensive income	2,934,855	1,836,500	1,467,428	89,008	132,745	23,390	1,045,261	7,529,187
for the period								
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	251,202	251,202
Other comprehensive income						(14055)		
Net change in fair value reserve		-	-	-	-	(46,875)	-	(46,875)
Total comprehensive income for the period						(46,875)	251,202	204,327
Transactions recorded directly		-	-	-	•	(40,075)	251,202	204,527
in equity								
Realised loss on equity investments measured at FVTOCI transferred to								
retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	260	(260)	-
Transfer to general impairment					27.977			
reserve Bonus issue	- 146,743	-	-	-	27,867	-	(27,867) (146,743)	-
Dividends declared	140,743	-	-	-	-	-	(140,743) (146,742)	- (146,742)
Profit paid on tier 1 sukuk	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45,912)	(45,912)
Board of directors' fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,410)	(5,410)
Total	146,743	-	-	-	27,867	260	(372,934)	(198,064)
As at 30 June 2020 (Un- audited)	3,081,598	1,836,500	1,467,428	89,008	160,612	(23,225)	923,529	7,535,450
As at 1 January 2021 (Audited) Total comprehensive income for the period	3,081,598	1,836,500	1,508,508	89,008	112,371	44,380	972,993	7,645,358
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	289,490	289,490
Net change in fair value reserve	-			-	-	(21,830)	-	(21,830)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(21,830)	289,490	267,660
Transactions recorded directly								
in equity Realised loss on equity investments measured at FVTOCI transferred to						(7.070)	5.050	
retained earnings Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(5,978)	5,978 (246 528)	-
Transfer to general impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	(246,528)	(246,528)
reserve	-	-	-	-	2,812	-	(2,812)	-
Profit paid on tier 1 sukuk Board of directors' fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45,913) (5,410)	(45,913) (5,410)
Total		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · ·	2,812	(5,978)	(294,685)	(297,851)
			-		2,012	(0,710)	(27,000)	(2/1,001)
As at 30 June 2021 (Un- audited)	3,081,598	1,836,500	1,508,508	89,008	115,183	16,572	967,798	7,615,167

SHARJAH ISLAMIC BANK PJSC NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

1. Legal status and activities

SHARJAH ISLAMIC BANK PJSC (the "Bank") was incorporated in 1975 as a public joint stock company by Emiri Decree issued by His Highness the Ruler of Sharjah, United Arab Emirates and is listed on the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange. The Bank is engaged in banking, financing and investing activities in accordance with its articles of incorporation, Islamic Shari'a principles and regulations of the UAE Central Bank, which are carried out through its 35 branches (2020: 34 branches) established in the United Arab Emirates.

At an extraordinary shareholder's meeting held on 18 March 2001, a resolution was passed to transform the Bank's activities to be in full compliance with Islamic Shari'a rules and principles. The entire process was completed on 30 June 2002 ("the transformation date"). As a result the Bank transformed its conventional banking products into Islamic banking products during the Six month period ended 30 June 2002 after negotiation and agreement with its customers.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group comprise the Bank and its fully owned subsidiaries incorporated in the United Arab Emirates, Sharjah National Hotels (SNH), Sharjah Islamic Financial Services LLC (SIFS) and ASAS Real Estate as well as special purpose vehicles established in the Cayman Islands, SIB Sukuk Company III Limited and SIB Tier 1 Sukuk Company Limited, (all together referred to as "the Group"). SNH through its divisions is engaged in operating hotels and resorts, catering and related services, whereas SIFS is involved in conducting intermediation in dealing in local market Shari'a compliant shares. ASAS is involved in the business of real estate. SIB Sukuk Company III Limited and SIB Tier 1 Sukuk Company Limited were established for the Bank's Sukuk program.

The registered office of the Bank is Post Box No.4, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates.

2. Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Selected explanatory notes, are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020. These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for a full set of annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

b) Basis of measurement

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following material items in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); and
- investment properties at fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

c) Functional and reporting currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in UAE Dirhams (AED), which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. All information presented in AED has been rounded to the nearest thousands, except when otherwise stated.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the Group in preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those applied by the Group in its annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

4. Key accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, significant judgement is exercised by management in applying the Group's accounting policies. The key sources of estimation uncertainty are consistent with the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Impact of COVID-19

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organisation ("WHO") officially declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. In light of the rapid spread of COVID-19 across the globe, various economies and sectors have faced significant disruptions and uncertainty as a result of measures taken by governments to contain or delay the spread of the virus. This note describes the impact of the outbreak on the Bank's operations and the significant estimates and judgements applied by management in assessing the values of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2021.

i) Credit risk management

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank's Risk management division identified the vulnerable sectors that are significantly impacted by this stressed situation, and reviews are being conducted on a more frequent basis. The existing corporate credit lines are being reviewed and the utilization is being closely monitored. The Bank enjoys a well-diversified financing portfolio where Government and Government related entities (GRE) represent more than 35% (31 December 2020: 34%).

The Bank has been extra vigilant in underwriting to companies in the vulnerable sectors, especially for any New-to-Bank customers. Extra measures, such as requiring additional approvals for disbursals of facilities have been implemented to ensure a high level of scrutiny over the credit management process. The Bank is conducting frequent reviews of the Loan to Value ("LTV") ratios on the securities held against facilities, specifically securities which are illiquid in nature. Moreover, the management has reviewed all of its credit lending policies to address the current increasing economic risk for different sectors.

In addition to the above and as explained in note 4 (ii) liquidity risk management, as required by the Joint Guidance issued in April 2021 for clients benefitting from payment deferrals, the Bank has considered the following principles for the classification of the customers into Group 1 and Group 2":

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

4. Key accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

i) Credit risk management (continued)

Group 1: clients that are temporality and mildly impacted by the Covid-19 crisis:

For these clients, the payment deferrals are believed to be effective and thus the economic value of the facilities is not expected to be materially affected. These clients are expected to face liquidity constraints without substantial changes in their creditworthiness.

For these clients, the Bank holds the view that, despite being subject to payment deferrals, there is insufficient deterioration in credit quality to trigger a stage migration. These clients will remain in their current stage, at least for the duration of the crisis, or their distress, whichever is the shorter. For instance, this would apply to industries that are expected to rapidly return to normal business conditions as confinement policy decisions are over.

Group 2: clients that are expected to be significantly impacted by Covid-19 in the long term:

These are the clients whose businesses are directly impacted by COVID-19. These clients are expected to face changes in their creditworthiness beyond liquidity issues leading to deterioration in credit risk. Consequently, exposure from these clients is reported as stage 2.

Due to the possibility of later economic rebound, these clients are not expected to migrate to IFRS 9 stage 3 based on their financial performance during the period of the crisis. In exceptional circumstances, such stage 3 migration can be triggered by liquidation/ bankruptcy caused by non-financial events (such as fraud) or significant disruptions threatening the long-term sustainability of the clients' business model. Consequently, the Bank continues to monitor the creditworthiness of these clients, particularly indications of potential inability to pay any of their obligations as and when they become due.

As at 30 June 2021, the Bank has classified its clients awarded deferment into Group 1 and Group 2 (refer note 9.3).

ii) Use of estimates and judgements

The Group is constantly monitoring the current pandemic situation as it unfolds, noting that there is uncertain economic data available to accurately evaluate the impact of the outbreak on the UAE economy, and on the Bank's financial position as at 30 June 2021.

The Bank exercises significant judgement in assessing and estimating areas such as Expected Credit Losses. Given the uncertainty and limited forward looking information, the Bank has taken the approach of implementing a judgmental overlay to the ECL model by changing its macroeconomic weightages. Going forward, the Bank will continue to monitor and evaluate the impact of the outbreak, and will consider adjusting its ECL model in subsequent reporting periods, if required.

Governance around IFRS 9 ECL models and calculations

Given the significant impact that the macro economic scenarios and weightages will have on the Bank's Expected Credit losses, the Bank has further strengthened its processes, controls and governance frameworks around macro economic forecasting and the computation of Expected Credit losses. The Bank's IFRS 9 Committee, which reports to the Executive Management, has primary responsibility for overseeing the Bank's ECL models. To ensure the ongoing integrity of ECL calculations during times of extreme uncertainty and volatility, the Bank's IFRS 9 Committee will be exercising oversight by conducting regular reviews of the portfolio. The committee will closely monitor the macro economic inputs applied to the IFRS 9 model at the bank and recommend changes required over the period in the light of relevant information received. The committee will continually assess the performance of the Bank's portfolio, ensuring that credit risk behaviors align with the significant increase in credit risk policy and that the staging criteria remain relevant.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

4. Key accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

ii) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Governance around IFRS 9 ECL models and calculations (continued)

The IFRS 9 Committee has reviewed the inputs and assumptions for IFRS 9 ECL measurement in light of available information. While it is challenging to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on our ECL estimates as the situation is still evolving, it is expected to have a deep impact on the macro-economic environment. The Bank has assessed the impact of the crisis and used 0% weightage to the upward scenario as of 30 June 2021. Had adverse scenario been increased from 20% by another 10%, impairment loss allowance would increase by AED 24.9 million.

The Bank considers a range of possible outcomes and their respective probabilities, and to apply judgement in determining what constitutes reasonable and forward looking information. The volatility caused by the current situation has been reflected through adjustment in the methods of forward looking scenario construction. These adjustments reflect the macroeconomic overlays as suggested in the Joint Guidance Note on IFRS 9 by CBUAE. The most significant period-end assumptions used for ECL estimate includes next 5-year average oil price ranging between US\$ 40.3/barrel to US\$ 69.8/barrel, equity price index growth volatility ranging between -18% to 29%, non-oil UAE GDP range falling 3% to rising 9% and UAE CPI index ranging -2% to 5%.

Judgement is also required in estimating EAD, particularly for Islamic financing commitments, including letters of credit and guarantee, and revolving credit facilities such as credit cards, where deterioration in the macro economic environment is generally accompanied by an increase in the volumes and duration of the drawdowns. Credit conversion factor used by the Bank for unutilized limits has been set at 20%, thus stressing EAD to current situation.

The COVID 19 related impact on LGD, the Bank has computed ECL using stressed BASEL LGD of 60% for real estate, construction and contracting and consumer home financing. Islamic financing to individuals' accounts for 10% of the total gross portfolio; ECL on which has been computed based on stressed LGD of as high as 91.9%.

Management will continually monitor how the economic conditions change over the next reporting period and will re- evaluate the adequacy of downside weight, and adverse effect, if any, will be accounted for.

iii) Liquidity risk management

The UAE Central Bank has announced AED 256 billion stimulus package in an attempt to combat the above effects of COVID-19 and ease the liquidity constraints in the UAE Banking Sector, by providing relief to the local economy.

The stimulus package includes the following:

- Launch of the Targeted Economic Support Scheme ('TESS'), which allows banks to grant temporary relief to certain customers in the way of deferring payments for up to 6 months, and allowing banks to apply for zero-cost funding from the Central Bank. The Zero cost facility ("ZCF") consists of collateralized CBUAE liquidity facilities provided to eligible counter parties under the TESS program. Funds borrowed by the Bank under the ZCF are priced at zero profit rate and the Bank is expected to pass on this zero-cost benefit, at a minimum, to its clients who have been identified to be eligible as per TESS guidelines;
- Granted an extension of the capital buffer relief to 31 December 2021 for banks participating in the TESS Program:
- Reduction of the reserve requirements by half for demand deposits for all banks, from 14% to 7%; and
- Planned implementation of certain Basel III capital requirements will be postponed to 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

4. Key accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

iii) Liquidity risk management (continued)

The Group's management of liquidity risk is disclosed in note 4 (ii) (b) to the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020. In response to the COVID 19 outbreak, the Bank is evaluating its liquidity and funding position and has taken into consideration all the reliefs provided by the Central Bank. Further, the Bank has taken the following actions to manage liquidity risks:

- 1) Monitoring the movements and composition of its deposits on a daily basis;
- 2) Monitoring the adherence to regulatory ratios, including eligible liquid assets ratio (ELAR) and lending to stable resources ratio (LSRR) on a daily basis. As of reporting date ELAR stands at 17.43%, well above the minimum requirement of 10% (without incentive from CBUAE) and 7% (after reduction in the requirement from CBUAE), whereas LSRR stands at 71.58% as against the maximum allowed of 100% by CBUAE.
- 3) Developing contingency plans and opening up new funding lines in the treasury and inter-bank markets of other GCC countries;
- 4) Developing stress testing scenarios to assess the impact on the Bank in extreme stress; and
- 5) Bank as of the reporting date holds sovereign marketable securities amounting AED 2.5 billion which can be utilised in case of extreme liquidity shortage, if required.

As at 30 June 2021, out of CBUAE's total funding program of AED 50 billion under ZCF, an amount of AED 545.8 million is earmarked for the Bank, maturing on 31 December 2021. The Bank has pledged Islamic certificate of deposits of equivalent amount to CBUAE against ZCF. The benefit has been passed onto customers in the form of payment reliefs (installment deferrals). The Bank continues to accrue profit on payment deferrals provided to the ijara financing receivable customers and there will be no significant change to the present value of future cash flows due to these deferrals. Currently, the Bank is closely monitoring its liquidity position and risks arising due to the COVID-19 crisis.

iv) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The Bank's existing policy on fair value measurement of financial instruments is disclosed in note 3 (b) (v) to the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Given the significant impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global financial markets, the bank is closely monitoring whether the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities represent the price that would be achieved for transactions between market participants in the current scenario.

v) Investment properties

Based on management's assessment, the Bank has not identified any significant impact to the fair values of investment properties during the six month period ended 30 June 2021. As the situation continues to unfold, the Bank will consistently monitor the market and ensure that the prices used by the Bank are an accurate representation of fair value in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 13.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

4. Key accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

vi) Capital adequacy initiatives

The outreaching impact of COVID 19 is expected to impact the Bank's Risk Weightage Assets via higher charges arising from increased volatility and higher counter party risks. The implementation of the requirements of IFRS 9 Expected Credit Losses in a less favorable economic outlook is expected to increase the credit risk weights of financing and also increase provision allowances and hence impacts the Bank's strong capital adequacy, which currently stands at 20.78% (31 December 2020: 20.71%). The Bank expects CAR in an extreme stressed scenario to remain well above the UAE banking sector average and the baseline and relaxed CBUAE BASEL III requirement of 13% and 11.5% respectively, including capital conservation buffer of 2.5%.

In order to relieve the pressure on financial institutions, the CBUAE, vide its official paper issued on 22 April 2020, has allowed banks to apply a prudential filter to IFRS 9 expected loss provisions. The prudential filter aims to minimize the effect of IFRS 9 provisions on regulatory capital, in view of the expected volatility due to the COVID 19 crisis. The filter will allow Banks to partially add incremental ECL provisions back to their Tier 1 capital for the purpose of calculating capital adequacy ratios. Banks are however required to reverse this capital benefit in a gradual and phased manner over a period of 5 years (ending on 31 December 2024). The CBUAE has also granted extension of the capital buffer relief to 31 December 2021 for banks enrolled in the TESS program.

The Bank's Risk Committee, in liaison with the Risk Management department is constantly monitoring the developments in relation to the outbreak and is continually monitoring the Bank's ability to maintain adequate capital levels at all times, in both existing and stressed scenarios.

vii) Business continuity plan

In light of current scenarios caused by COVID 19, the Bank has activated its business continuity policy (BCP). In light of the BCP, the Bank has established a system of a secured remote access management system with dual authentication access and functioning of its operations, IT systems and client's digital channels. For this purpose the Bank has designed standard operating procedures which are duly followed. The Bank also has appropriate cyber security architecture to support its commercial assets and customers without any interruption to business activities through its comprehensive digital channels. Moreover, the bank has engaged with a third party to review the security of the current working environment.

viii) Concentration analysis

Please refer to note 9 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which discloses the product and sector wise categorization of Investment in Islamic financing as at 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

5. Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management objectives, policies and procedures are consistent with those disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021.

a) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The table below is the maximum exposure to credit risk for the Group and is shown gross, before any mitigation of collateral.

		30 June 2021 (U	n-audited)	
-				
	Stage 1	ECL Stag Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12 month	Lifetime	Lifetime	Total
Cash and balances with banks and				
financial institutions	586,863	-	-	586,863
Loss allowance	(1)	-	-	(1)
Carrying amount	586,862	-	-	586,862
Murabaha and wakalah with				
financial institutions	5,391,934	-	-	5,391,934
Loss allowance	(1,767)	-	-	(1,767)
Carrying amount	5,390,167	-	-	5,390,167
Investment securities measured at				
amortised cost	4,848,794	101,899	62,337	5,013,030
Loss allowance	(3,471)	(16,114)	(62,337)	(81,922)
Carrying amount	4,845,323	85,785	-	4,931,108
Investment securities measured at				
FVTOCI (excluding equity				
investments)	1,254,099	-	-	1,254,099
Loss allowance	(707)	-	-	(707)
Carrying amount	1,253,392	-	-	1,253,392
Investments in Islamic financing	26,860,991	2,250,024	1,527,357	30,638,372
Loss allowance	(210,253)	(185,343)	(950,872)	(1,346,468)
Carrying amount	26,650,738	2,064,681	576,485	29,291,904
Other assets (excluding non-financial				
assets)	838,044	-	31,373	869,417
Loss allowance	(8,394)	-	(31,373)	(39,767)
Carrying amount	829,650	-	-	829,650
Net credit risk exposures relating to				
on-balance sheet assets	39,556,132	2,150,466	576,485	42,283,083
Letter of credit and guarantee	676,826	24,291	31	701,148
Loss allowance	(2,094)	(388)	-	(2,482)
Net credit risk exposures relating to				
off-balance sheet assets	674,732	23,903	31	698,666
_	40,230,864	2,174,369	576,516	42,981,749
Gross credit risk exposure	40,457,551	2,376,214	1,621,098	44,454,863
Total loss allowance	(226,687)	(201,845)	(1,044,582)	(1,473,114)
	40,230,864	2,174,369	576,516	42,981,749
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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

5. Financial risk management (continued)

a) Maximum exposure to credit risk (continued)

		31 December 202	0 (Audited)	
_		ECL Stag	ging	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12 month	Lifetime	Lifetime	Total
Cash and balances with banks and financial institutions	789,083	-	-	789,083
Loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount	789,083	-	-	789,083
Murabaha and wakalah with	2,883,120			2,883,120
<i>financial institutions</i> Loss allowance		-	-	
	(1,340)	-	-	(1,340)
Carrying amount	2,881,780	-	-	2,881,780
Investment securities measured at				
amortised cost	5,417,332	-	62,337	5,479,669
Loss allowance	(5,526)	-	(53,065)	(58,591)
Carrying amount	5,411,806	-	9,272	5,421,078
Investment securities measured at FVTOCI (excluding equity				
investments)	1,192,418	-	-	1,192,418
Loss allowance	(734)	-	-	(734)
Carrying amount	1,191,684	-	-	1,191,684
Investments in Islamic financing	26,825,490	2,237,139	1,493,752	30,556,381
Loss allowance	(264,019)	(135,049)	(888,754)	(1,287,822)
Carrying amount	26,561,471	2,102,090	604,998	29,268,559
Other assets (excluding non-financial				
assets)	800,118	-	30,974	831,092
Loss allowance	(8,461)	-	(30,974)	(39,435)
Carrying amount	791,657	-	-	791,657
Net credit risk exposures relating to				
on-balance sheet assets	37,627,481	2,102,090	614,270	40,343,841
Letter of credit and guarantee	701,237	24,210	31	725,478
Loss allowance	(2,389)	(53)	-	(2,442)
Net credit risk exposures relating to				
off-balance sheet assets	698,848	24,157	31	723,036
=	38,326,329	2,126,247	614,301	41,066,877
Gross credit risk exposure	38,608,798	2,261,349	1,587,094	42,457,241
Total ECL	(282,469)	(135,102)	(972,793)	(1,390,364)
-	38,326,329	2,126,247	614,301	41,066,877
—	, - ,	1 1	<i>)</i>	, 1

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

5. Financial risk management (continued)

b) Capital adequacy

The capital adequacy ratio is based on Basel III and the Central Bank of the UAE (CBUAE) rules and guidelines:

	30 June 2021 Un-audited	31 December 2020 Audited
Capital base		5 500 005
Common Equity tier 1	5,756,010	5,528,835
Additional tier 1 capital	1,836,500	1,836,500
Total tier 1 capital base	7,592,510	7,365,335
Total tier 2 capital base	453,167	441,619
Total capital base	8,045,677	7,806,954
Risk weighted assets		
Credit risk	36,253,321	35,329,510
Market risk	199,391	111,831
Operational risk	2,262,468	2,262,468
Total risk weighted assets	38,715,180	37,703,809
Capital Ratios		
Common equity tier 1 ratio	14.87%	14.66%
Tier 1 capital ratio	19.61%	19.53%
Capital adequacy ratio	20.78%	20.71%
6. Cash and balances with banks and financial institutions		
Cash	612,033	669,478
Statutory deposit with CBUAE	1,360,940	1,932,937
Due from banks	586,862	789,083
	2,559,835	3,391,498

Statutory deposit with CBUAE is non-profit bearing and not available to fund day to day operations of the Bank.

7. Murabaha and wakalah with financial institutions

Murabaha	1,897,026	422,208
Wakala arrangements	8,493,141	7,409,572
	10,390,167	7,831,780

Wakala arrangements with financial institutions includes' Islamic certificates of deposit with CBUAE amounting AED 5.0 billion (31 December 2020: AED 4.9 billion).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

8. Investment securities

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	Un-audited	Audited
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Equity and funds	55,656	41,148
- Sukuk	32,915	63,844
	88,571	104,992
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
- Equity and funds	385,959	1,029,652
- Sukuk	1,254,099	1,192,418
	1,640,058	2,222,070
Less: Loss allowance on financial assets measured at FVTOCI	(707)	(734)
	1,639,351	2,221,336
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
- Sukuk	5,013,030	5,479,669
Less: Loss allowance on financial assets measured at amortised cost	(81,922)	(58,591)
	4,931,108	5,421,078
	6,659,030	7,747,406

Sukuk held at amortised cost include AED 2,361 million (*31 December 2020: AED 3,076 million*) pledged against a collateralized commodity murabaha arrangement.

9. Investment in Islamic financing

9.1 Investments in Islamic financing are secured by acceptable forms of collateral to mitigate the related credit risk. Investments in Islamic financing comprise the following:

a) By product

Vehicle murabaha	207,030	218,076
Goods murabaha	8,857,264	8,626,467
Real estate murabaha	24,479	32,358
Other murabaha receivable	580,890	560,861
Syndicate murabaha	1,430,305	1,352,097
Gross murabaha financing	11,099,968	10,789,859
Deferred profit	(1,090,250)	(1,007,659)
Net murabaha financing	10,009,718	9,782,200
Ijarah	17,243,689	17,296,420
Qard hasan	646,485	548,921
Credit card receivables	79,792	79,513
Istisna	2,658,688	2,849,327
Total investment in Islamic financing	30,638,372	30,556,381
Provision for impaired financing receivables	(1,346,468)	(1,287,822)
Net investment in Islamic financing	29,291,904	29,268,559

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

9. Investments in Islamic financing (continued)

b) By sector	30 June	31 December
	2021	2020
	Un-audited	Audited
Government departments and authorities	11,259,075	10,926,792
Construction and contracting	709,263	823,149
Manufacturing	594,893	745,265
Transportation	1,409,328	1,523,434
Real estate	6,888,944	6,614,683
Retail businesses	564,568	600,189
Trade	1,561,096	1,655,858
Financial institutions	259,521	248,515
Services and others	1,340,127	1,254,170
Individual	3,101,433	3,053,764
Consumer home finance	1,180,737	1,456,580
HNWI	2,859,637	2,661,641
Deferred profit	(1,090,250)	(1,007,659)
Provision for impaired financing receivables	(1,346,468)	(1,287,822)
Net investment in Islamic financing	29,291,904	29,268,559

9.2 Reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the gross exposure at default (EAD) and loss allowance (ECL) for retail and corporate banking segment can be seen below:

					ne 2021 udited)			
	Stage		Stag		Stag		То	
-	Exposure	ECL	Exposure	ECL	Exposure	ECL	Exposure	ECL
Balance at the beginning of year	26,825,490	264,019	2,237,139	135,049	1,493,752	888,754	30,556,381	1,287,822
Retail banking								
Transfer to Stage 1	22,956	1,405	(22,946)	(1,395)	(10)	(10)	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(27,966)	(765)	27,966	765	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(33,021)	(1,152)	(36,782)	(1,916)	69,803	3,068	-	-
Net addition / (repayments)	306,770	-	(3,285)	-	(9,802)	-	293,683	-
Net re-measurement of loss allowance	-	(31,640)	-	14	-	47,323	-	15,697
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	(2,107)	(2,857)	(2,107)	(2,857)
Write-offs	-	-	-	-	(566)	(566)	(566)	(566)
Corporate banking								
Transfer to Stage 1	54,170	2,399	(54,170)	(2,399)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(311,270)	(5,243)	311,270	5,243	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(451)	(5)	(71,939)	(7,243)	72,390	7,248	-	-
Net addition / (repayments) Net re-measurement of loss	24,313	-	(137,229)	-	(49,771)	-	(162,687)	-
allowance	-	(18,765)	-	57,225	-	54,268	-	92,728
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	(968)	(992)	(968)	(992)
Write-offs	-	-	-	-	(45,364)	(45,364)	(45,364)	(45,364)
Balance at the end of period	26,860,991	210,253	2,250,024	185,343	1,527,357	950,872	30,638,372	1,346,468

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SHARJAH ISLAMIC BANK PJSC NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

9. Investments in Islamic financing (continued)

9.2 Reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the gross exposure at default (EAD) and loss allowance (ECL) for retail and corporate banking segment can be seen below (continued)

					nber 2020 lited)			
-	Stage		Stag		Stag		Tot	al
	Exposure	ECL	Exposure	ECL	Exposure	ECL	Exposure	ECL
Balance at the beginning of year	23,555,984	194,801	1,354,745	113,428	1,350,541	810,149	26,261,270	1,118,378
Retail banking								
Transfer to Stage 1	14,125	809	(10,710)	(809)	(3,415)	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(50,007)	(1,375)	50,007	1,375	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(110,130)	(2,917)	(23,717)	(1,135)	133,847	4,052	-	-
Net addition / (repayments)	(120,327)	-	(28,777)	-	745	-	(148,359)	-
Net re-measurement of loss allowance	-	55,934	-	754	-	66,418	-	123,106
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	(27,456)	(13,283)	(27,456)	(13,283)
Write-offs		-	-	-	(59,873)	(59,873)	(59,873)	(59,873)
Corporate banking								
Transfer to Stage 1	82,045	6,592	(82,045)	(6,592)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(889,086)	(8,447)	889,217	8,447	(131)	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(97,491)	(1,627)	(216,003)	(21,541)	313,494	23,168	-	-
Net addition / (repayments)	4,440,377	-	304,422	-	(187,589)	-	4,557,210	-
Net re-measurement of loss allowance	-	20,249	-	41,122	-	80,124	-	141,495
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	(8,814)	(5,649)	(8,814)	(5,649)
Write-offs		-	-	-	(17,597)	(16,352)	(17,597)	(16,352)
Balance at the end of year	26,825,490	264,019	2,237,139	135,049	1,493,752	888,754	30,556,381	1,287,822

9.3 Analysis of customers benefiting from payment deferrals

The table below is an analysis of EAD and related ECL for customers that are benefiting from payment deferrals as of 30 June 2021:

	Corporate	Retail	
TESS and Non-TESS program deferrals	banking	banking	Total
Group 1:			
Investments in Islamic financing	2,256,493	120,548	2,377,041
ECL	41,048	3,055	44,103
Deferral amount	433,334	97,487	530,821
Number of customers	91	5,486	5,577
Group 2:			
Investments in Islamic financing	972,533	50,179	1,022,712
ECL	86,856	14,371	101,227
Deferral amount	179,237	8,343	187,580
Number of customers	50	298	348

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

9. Investments in Islamic financing (continued)

9.4 Portfolio wise analysis of ECL during the period

	30 June 2021 (Un-audited)				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
ECL allowance as of 1 January 2021	264,019	135,049	888,754	1,287,822	
Retail banking					
Credit cards	(290)	17	1,094	821	
Housing loans	(13,355)	(2,591)	8,235	(7,711)	
Personal loans	(17,878)	94	37,707	19,923	
Auto loans	(629)	(52)	(78)	(759)	
Corporate banking					
Government and related exposures	(2,100)	749	-	(1,351)	
Other corporates	(6,565)	12,787	28,703	34,925	
High net worth individuals	(15,700)	29,795	(34,961)	(20,866)	
SMEs	2,751	9,495	21,418	33,664	
ECL allowance as of 30 June 2021	210,253	185,343	950,872	1,346,468	

	31 December 2020 (Audited)			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance as of 1 January 2020	194,801	113,428	810,149	1,118,378
Retail banking				
Credit cards	(7)	(29)	(1,068)	(1,104)
Housing loans	10,152	200	14,090	24,442
Personal loans	43,088	22	(13,197)	29,913
Auto loans	856	45	(2,137)	(1,236)
Corporate banking				
Government and related exposures	8,122	-	-	8,122
Other corporates	7,260	17,571	40,674	65,505
High net worth individuals	3,958	(12,864)	22,222	13,316
SMEs	(4,211)	16,676	18,021	30,486
ECL allowance as of 31 December 2020	264,019	135,049	888,754	1,287,822

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

10. Property and equipment

	30 June 2021 Un-audited	31 December 2020 Audited
Freehold land and buildings	779,625	786,540
Equipment, furniture and fittings	14,278	15,232
Computer equipment	54,056	48,984
Motor vehicles	2,191	502
Right of use assets	35,503	42,146
Capital - work in progress	41,005	31,618
	926,658	925,022
11. Customers' deposits		

Current accounts 9,785,564 8,801,886 Saving accounts 2,810,804 2,660,073 Watany / call accounts 907,700 729,395 Time deposits 20,968,114 20,736,776 Margins 520,038 680,178 34,992,220 33,608,308

12. Sukuk payable

Name of instrument	Maturity date	30 June 2021 Un-audited		31 Decem Aud	
		Carrying value	Profit rate	Carrying value	Profit rate
SIB Sukuk 2021	8 September 2021	1,836,244	3.084%	1,835,499	3.084%
SIB Sukuk 2023	17 April 2023	1,834,361	4.231%	1,833,722	4.231%
SIB Sukuk 2025	23 June 2025	1,832,119	2.850%	1,831,525	2.850%
Total		5,502,724		5,500,746	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

13. Other liabilities

	30 June 2021 Un-audited	31 December 2020 Audited
Profit payable	161,993	200,077
Accrual and provision	52,281	39,202
Accounts payable	49,400	64,474
Provision for staff end of service benefits	81,652	75,739
Managers' cheques	49,575	62,041
Obligations under acceptances	186,172	155,130
Sundry creditors	323,210	192,401
Lease obligation	13,426	17,792
	917,709	806,856

14. Share capital

The Bank's issued and fully paid up share capital comprises 3,081,598,000 shares of AED 1 each.

	30 June 2 Un-audi		31 December 2020 Audited		
	No. of shares	Value	No. of shares	Value	
Share capital	3,081,598,000	3,081,598	3,081,598,000	3,081,598	

15. Segment reporting

The Group's activities comprise the following main business segments:

a) Government and corporate

Within this business segment the Bank provides companies, institutions and government and government departments with a range of Islamic financial products and services. This includes exposure to high net worth individuals.

b) Retail

The retail segment provides a wide range of Islamic financial services to individuals.

c) Investment and treasury

This segment mainly includes wakalah deals with other financial institutions, investments securities, investment properties and other money market activities.

d) Hospitality, brokerage and real estate

The Bank on its own and through its subsidiary ASAS provides real estate services, whereas SNH and SIFS provides hospitality and brokerage services respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

15. Segment reporting (continued)

For the period ended 30 June 2021 (Un-	Corporate and		Investment and	Hospitality, brokerage and real	
audited)	government	Retail	treasury	estate	Total
Consolidated statement of profit or loss:					
Income from investments in Islamic financing	452 (2(1(1.250			025 055
and sukuks	473,636 (149,729)	161,359 (18,237)	200,962 (129,973)	-	835,957
Distribution to depositors and sukuk holders Net income from financing and investment	(149,729)	(18,237)	(129,975)	-	(297,939)
products	323,907	143,122	70,989	-	538,018
Investments, fees, commission and other	020,901	110,122	10,202		000,010
income	63,277	35,073	11,832	38,857	149,039
Total operating income	387,184	178,195	82,821	38,857	687,057
General and administrative expenses	-	-	-	(20,754)	(20,754)
General and administrative expenses –					
unallocated	-	-	-	-	(249,018)
Net operating income before impairment					
provision	387,184	178,195	82,821	18,103	417,285
Impairment on financial assets – net of recoveries	(81,680)	(497)	(45,280)	(338)	(127,795)
		· · · · ·			
Profit for the period	305,504	177,698	37,541	17,765	289,490
As at 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) Consolidated statement of financial position:					
Assets					
Segment assets	23,687,817	4,652,151	24,408,882	1,181,590	53,930,440
Unallocated assets	-	-	-	-	420,733
Total assets	23,687,817	4,652,151	24,408,882	1,181,590	54,351,173
Liabilities	· ·	•	· ·	· ·	<u> </u>
Segment liabilities	26,846,805	5,980,464	13,545,648	52,629	46,425,546
Unallocated liabilities	-,,	-)		,>	310,460
Total liabilities	26,846,805	5,980,464	13,545,648	52,629	46,736,006
	_0,010,000	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20,010		

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

15. Segment reporting (continued)

For the period ended 30 June 2020 (Un- audited)	Corporate and government	Retail	Investment and treasury	Hospitality, brokerage and real estate	Total
Consolidated statement of profit or loss:					
Income from investments in Islamic financing and sukuks	464,025	168,736	221,358	-	854,119
Distribution to depositors and sukuk holders	(225,624)	(20,823)	(145,105)	-	(391,552)
Net income from financing and investment products	238,401	147,913	76,253	-	462,567
Investments, fees, commission and other income	54,615	29,055	19,328	35,725	138,723
Total operating income	293,016	176,968	95,581	35,725	601,290
General and administrative expenses	-	-	-	(25,349)	(25,349)
General and administrative expenses – unallocated		-	-	-	(243,641)
Net operating income before impairment provision	293,016	176,968	95,581	10,376	332,300
Impairment on financial assets – net of recoveries	(28,499)	(34,150)	(17,038)	(1,411)	(81,098)
Profit for the period	264,517	142,818	78,543	8,965	251,202
As at 31 December 2020 (Audited) Consolidated statement of financial position:					
Assets					
Segment assets	23,530,963	4,756,938	23,400,229	1,452,369	53,140,499
Unallocated assets		-	-	-	460,254
Total assets	23,530,963	4,756,938	23,400,229	1,452,369	53,600,753
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	26,383,978	5,589,668	13,582,122	53,191	45,608,959
Unallocated liabilities		-	-	-	346,436
Total liabilities	26,383,978	5,589,668	13,582,122	53,191	45,955,395

SHARJAH ISLAMIC BANK PJSC NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

16. Related parties

In the normal course of business, the Group enters into various transactions with enterprises and key management personnel which falls within the definition of related parties as defined in IAS 24. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director, executive or otherwise, of the Group. The related party transactions are executed at the terms agreed between the parties, which in the opinion of management, are not significantly different from those that could have been obtained from third parties.

At the reporting date, such significant balances include:

	30 June 2021 (Un-audited)						
Condensed consolidated interim	Key		Other				
statement of financial position	management	Major	related				
	personnel	shareholders	parties	Total			
Investment in Islamic financing	602,058	2,327,050	5,930,212	8,859,320			
Customer deposits	(143,794)	(83,101)	(5,257,737)	(5,484,632)			
Contingent liabilities – off balance sheet	112,821	84	12,149	125,054			
Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the six month period ended 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)							
Income from Islamic financing	12,185	36,668	102,782	151,635			
Depositors' share of profit	(439)	(2,427)	(41,504)	(44,370)			
	31 December 2020 (Audited)						
		31 December 20	20 (Audited)				
	Key	31 December 20	20 (Audited) Other				
Condensed consolidated interim	Key management	Major	· /				
Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position	U		Other	Total			
	management	Major	Other related	Total 8,925,086			
statement of financial position Investment in Islamic financing Customer deposits	management personnel	Major shareholders	Other related parties				
statement of financial position Investment in Islamic financing	management personnel 679,870	Major shareholders 2,243,450	Other related parties 6,001,766	8,925,086			
statement of financial position Investment in Islamic financing Customer deposits Contingent liabilities – off balance	management personnel 679,870 (152,012)	Major shareholders 2,243,450 (662,205)	Other related parties 6,001,766 (5,018,937)	8,925,086 (5,833,154)			
 statement of financial position Investment in Islamic financing Customer deposits Contingent liabilities – off balance sheet Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the six month period ended 30 	management personnel 679,870 (152,012)	Major shareholders 2,243,450 (662,205)	Other related parties 6,001,766 (5,018,937)	8,925,086 (5,833,154)			

Key management compensation includes salaries and other short term benefits of AED 11.7 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2021 (Six month period ended 30 June 2020: AED 12 million) and post-employment benefits of AED 1.8 million for the six months period ended 30 June 2021 (*six month period ended 30 June 2020: AED 0.7 million*).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

17. Fair value measurement

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)				
Financial assets				
FVTPL – investment securities	57,044	-	31,527	88,571
FVTOCI – investment securities	1,378,690	-	261,368	1,640,058
	1,435,734	-	292,895	1,728,629
Non-financial assets				
Investment properties at fair value		-	2,965,963	2,965,963
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 December 2020 (Audited)				
Financial assets				
FVTPL – investment securities	73,428	-	31,564	104,992
FVTOCI – investment securities	1,934,860	-	287,210	2,222,070
	2,008,288	-	318,774	2,327,062
Non-financial assets				
Investment properties at fair value		-	2,886,044	2,886,044

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities, measured at amortised cost, recognised in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements approximate their fair values, other than sukuks measured at amortised cost for which the fair value is calculated using Level 1 inputs. The following table shows a reconciliation from the beginning balances to the ending balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the hierarchy for investment securities and investment properties:

	30 June 2021 Un-audited		31 December 2020 Audited	
Financial assets	FVTPL	FVTOCI	FVTPL	FVTOCI
Balance as at the beginning of the period	31,564	287,210	31,273	224,347
Fair value movement	(37)	(23,138)	291	(15,334)
(Disposal) / Addition	-	(2,704)	-	78,197
Balance at the end of the period	31,527	261,368	31,564	287,210

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited)

(Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

17. Fair value measurement (continued)

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Non-financial assets	Un-audited	Audited
Balance at the beginning of the period	2,886,044	2,699,959
Additions	36,701	178,922
Transfer from held-for-sale	69,416	42,192
Disposals	(26,198)	-
Revaluation loss		(35,029)
Balance at the end of the period	2,965,963	2,886,044

The valuation techniques and the inputs used in determining the fair values of level 3 assets is consistent with those applied by the Group in its annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020. There were no transfers between levels during the period.

18. Interim measurement

The nature of the Group's business is such that income and expense are incurred in a manner, which is not impacted by any form of seasonality. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were prepared based upon the accrual concept, which requires income and expenses to be recorded as earned or incurred and not as received or paid throughout the period.

19. Dividends

During the annual general meeting of the shareholders held on 20 February 2021, a cash dividend of 8% of the paid up capital, amounting to AED 246.5 million was approved for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2020: 5% cash dividend and 5% stock dividend, each amounting to AED 146.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2019).

20. Contingencies and commitments

	30 June 2021 Un-audited	31 December 2020 Audited
Letters of credit	183,475	186,004
Letters of guarantee	1,979,878	1,931,246
Capital commitments	41,556	115,502

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 June 2021 (Un-audited) (Currency: Thousands of U.A.E. Dirhams)

21. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2021 Un-audited	30 June 2020 Un-Audited
Cash and balances with banks and financial institutions	1,198,895	2,233,454
Murabaha and wakalah with financial institutions	7,485,349	6,583,109
Due to banks	(12,692)	(22,772)
	8,671,552	8,793,791

22. Comparative information

Certain comparative amounts in condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows and notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been adjusted to conform to the presentation adopted in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six month period ended 30 June 2021.

23. Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the condensed interim statement of financial position date that would significantly affect the amounts reported in the condensed interim financial statements as at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2021.